

Figure 11a. Distribution of habitat impairments across populations of stream-type steelhead salmon in the Columbia River basin, using the "relaxed" definition of impairment (value for the population must fall within the upper half of the range to be considered impaired). Seven potential habitat factors were included. Populations are color-coded as to the number of impairments.

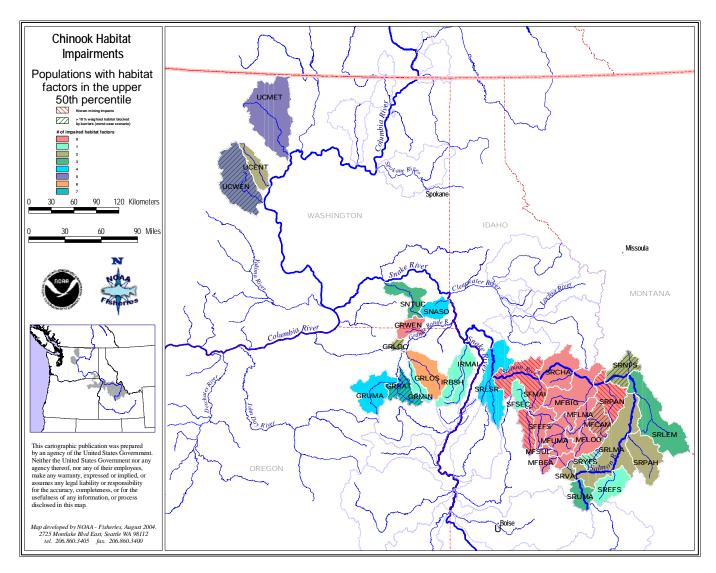


Figure 11b. Distribution of habitat impairments across populations of stream-type chinook salmon in the Columbia River basin, using the "relaxed" definition of impairment (value for the population must fall within the upper half of the range to be considered impaired). Seven potential habitat factors were included. Populations are color-coded as to the number of impairments.

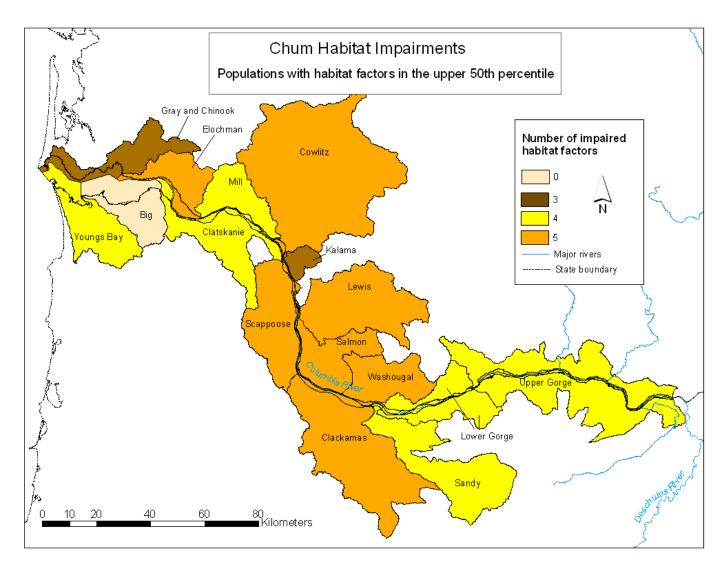


Figure 11c. Distribution of habitat impairments across populations of chum salmon in the Columbia River basin, using the "relaxed" definition of impairment (value for the population must fall within the upper half of the range to be considered impaired). Seven potential habitat factors were included. Populations are color-coded as to the number of impairments.